

CBCS SCHEME

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18ELN14/24

First/Second Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2023/Jan.2024 Basic Electronics

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- Explain the operation of PN – junction diode under forward and reverse biased condition. (06 Marks)
 - Explain how Zener diode can be used as a voltage regulator. (06 Marks)
 - Write short notes on light emitting diode and photo coupler. (08 Marks)

OR

- With a neat circuit diagram and waveform explain the working of a centre tapped full wave rectifier. (08 Marks)
 - Explain the operation of 7805 fixed IC regulator. (06 Marks)
 - Determine the range of V_i in which the zener diode of Fig.Q2(C) conducts.

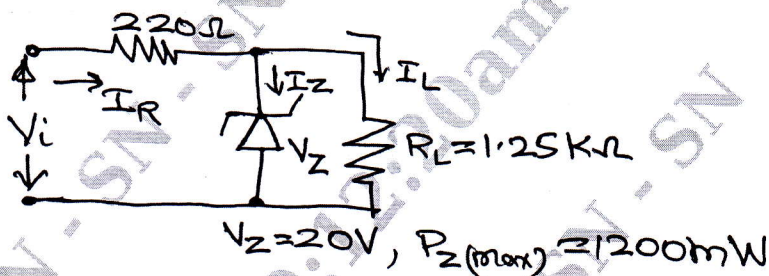


Fig.Q2(c)

(06 Marks)

Module-2

- Explain the construction and operation of JFET with necessary diagram. (08 Marks)
 - What is SCR? Explain the working of two transistor model of SCR. (08 Marks)
 - A certain JFET has an I_{GSS} of $-2nA$ for $V_{GS} = -20V$. Determine the input resistance. (04 Marks)

OR

- Draw and explain the V – I characteristics of Silicon controlled rectifier. (05 Marks)
 - Explain the construction and working of N-channel enhancement type MOSFT. (08 Marks)
 - With a neat circuit diagram, explain the working of CMOS inverter. (07 Marks)

Module-3

- List the ideal characteristics of operational amplifier. (04 Marks)
 - Draw three input inverting summer circuit and derive an expression for its output voltage. (08 Marks)
 - With a neat circuit diagram of an inverting operational amplifier, derive an expression for its voltage gain. (08 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. With a neat circuit diagram explain how an operational amplifier can be used as a differentiator. (06 Marks)
- b. A non inverting operational amplifier has input resistance $10K\Omega$ and feedback resistance $60K\Omega$ with load resistance $47K\Omega$. Draw the circuit and calculate output voltage, voltage gain and load current when input voltage is $1.5V$. (08 Marks)
- c. Find the output V_0 of the following op-amplifier circuit Fig.Q6(c). $R_1 = 20K\Omega$, $R_F = 100K\Omega$.

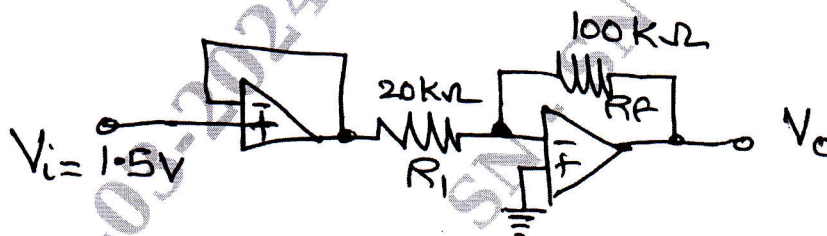


Fig.Q6(c)

(06 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. What is an amplifier? Explain the operation of transistor amplifier circuit. (08 Marks)
- b. Define feedback amplifier. Draw and explain the operation of a voltage series feedback amplifier with an expression for its voltage gain. (12 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Explain the Barkhausen's Criterion of Oscillator. (06 Marks)
- b. Explain the operation of a RC phase shift Oscillator. (06 Marks)
- c. Explain the working of a Astable Oscillator construction using IC - 555 timer. (08 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Convert the following :
 i) $FA27D_{16} = (?)_{10}$
 ii) $57345_{10} = (?)_{16}$. (06 Marks)
- b. Simplify and realize the expressing using basic gates :
 $(B + \overline{C})(\overline{B} + C) + \overline{\overline{A} + B + C}$. (08 Marks)
- c. What is a flip-flop? Explain the master slave JK flip-flop operation. (06 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. With a neat circuit diagram and truth table, explain the full Adder circuit. (06 Marks)
- b. With a neat block diagram, explain the operating principle of the GSM system. (08 Marks)
- c. What is Multiplexer? Explain the working of 8 : 1 multiplexer. (06 Marks)
